reaction products of paraformaldehyde and 2-hydroxypropylamine (ratio 3:2)@ [formaldehyde released from 3,3'-methylenebis[5-methyloxazolidine]@ formaldehyde released from oxazolidi]@ MBO

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

⚠ **Black list — Substances particularly hazardous to the environment or health**

CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING (Regulation 1272/2008)

Symbols



GHS05

Corrosive to metals



GHS06

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)



GHS08

Respiratory sensitisation



GHS09

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

H Phrases

H350 : May cause cancer

Carc. (Cat. 1B) : Carcinogenicity

H341 : Suspected of causing genetic defects

Muta. (Cat. 2) : Germ cell mutagenicity

H311 : Toxic in contact with skin

Acute Tox. (Cat. 3) : Acute toxicity

H332 : Harmful if inhaled

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4) : Acute toxicity

H302 : Harmful if swallowed

Acute Tox. (Cat. 4) : Acute toxicity

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT RE (Cat. 2) : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Skin Corr. (Cat. 1B) : Skin corrosion/irritation

H318 : Causes serious eye damage

Eye Dam. (Cat. 1) : Serious eye damage/eye irritation

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction

Skin Sens. (Cat. 1A) : Respiratory/skin sensitization

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic (Cat. 2) : Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Specific health risks

Carcinogens and mutagens (Regulation 1272/2008)

Substances classified as carcinogenic or mutagenic under Regulation 1272/2008

Sensitisers

Substances with skin or respiratory sensitisation potential